

Regulatory Compliance for MD/SaMD Training & Mentoring





Regulatory Landscape DiGA & Hospital Reform

Innovation Norway

September 16th,2025







Adverse Event Terminology

Harmonize terminology for reporting adverse events related to medical devices, and further harmonize adverse event reporting datasets to improve signal detection.



Personalized Medical Devices (PMD)

Harmonize the regulatory requirements for medical devices that are intended for a particular individual, considering unique characteristics and risks associated with each type of device.



<u>Artificial Intelligence/Machine</u> <u>Learning-enabled</u>

Seeking to harmonize internationally, principles to help promote the development of safe and effective AI/ML enabled medical devices



Good Regulatory Review Practices

Develop good review practices for premarket reviews and evaluations.



Quality Management Systems

Ensure alignment of IMDRF QMS and risk management documents with current international standards



Regulated Product Submission

Harmonize the format and content of regulatory submissions.



Software as a Medical Device

Promote consistency in regulatory assessment for Software as a Medical Device to reach patients more efficiently.



Final Document

IMDRF/SaMD WG/N81 FINAL: 2025

Characterization
Considerations for Medical
Device Software and SoftwareSpecific Risk

ATTRONOUGROUP

IMDRF Software as a Medical Device Working Group

27 January 2025

Global Regulatory Approaches

	Regulatory Body	Device Classes (Risk-Based)	Market Approval	Quality System	AE Reporting
US	FDA (CDRH/CBER)	1, 11, 111	510(k), De Novo, PMA	21CFR 820 Transitioning to ISO 13485	MDR
Canada	Health Canada	I, II, III, IV	MDL (II-IV)	MDSAP certificate (ISO 13485+)	Vigilance System
EU	EC + Competent Authorities + NBs	I, IIa, IIb, III (+Is, Im, If)	CE marking under MDR	ISO 13485 + MDR- specific requirements	Vigilance System
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare + PMDA (review/safety)	I, II, III, IV	Notification, Certification, or Approval	QMS Ordinance (aligned with ISO 13485)	Vigilance System
Australia	TGA - Therapeutic Goods Administration	I, IIa, IIb, III (+AIMD)	ARTG inclusion	ISO 13485 via MDSAP accepted	Vigilance System



Digital Health & System Reform

Hospital Reform

- Viable hospital-based outpatient care model
- Strengthen incentives for hospital-based outpatient treatments
- Leverage digital tools

1 January 2025

Digital Health Applications (DiGAs)

Digital Healthcare Act, 2019



- National competent authorities and agencies with official regulatory responsibilities in the healthcare system
- Digital Health Fast-Track a formal pathway for reimbursing digital health apps
 - German **DiGA** programme (BfArM)
 - Austria, Belgium, France's PECAN scheme (multi-agency structure, coordinated submission)
 - Portugal Whitepaper by EIT Health Innostars (06/2024)
 - And more ...



Digital health applications (DiGA)

Digital **medical devices** of low-risk classes that can support insured persons in treatment of their illness, injury or disability.

- Apps or browser-based applications
- o Can be used either by the patient alone or by doctor and patient together
- Can be used in combination with other devices such as heart rate monitors, other
 DiGA or other software
- o It must offer a "positive care effect" for the individual situation through its technology

What are "positive care effects"?

- Medical benefits improves health status, quality of life, reduction of disease duration, and prolongation of survival.
- Patient-relevant improvements of structures and processes provides practical benefits such as reminders, health data tracking, better communication with clinicians, or support while waiting for therapy. Adherence, patient autonomy, health literacy, facilitating access to care, patient safety, coping with illness-related difficulties in everyday life, reduction of therapy-related expenses and burdens for patients and their relatives, alignment of treatment with guidelines and recognized standards, and coordination of treatment procedures.



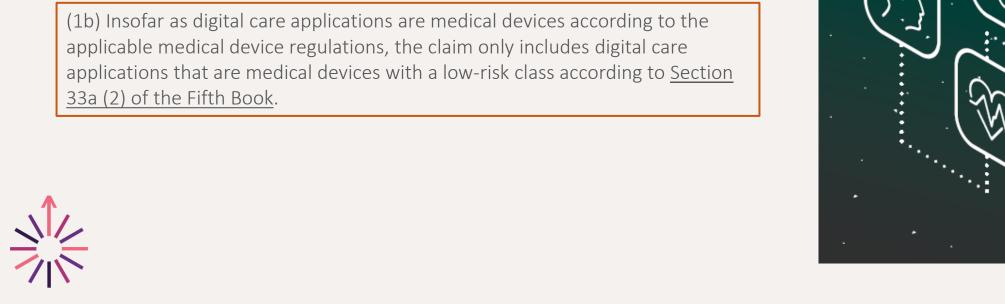
Digital nursing applications (DiPA)

Digital "assistants" used by care recipients or in the interaction of care recipients with relatives, other voluntary caregivers or authorized nursing care facilities.

- To stabilize or improve the state of health of care recipients, or
- To improve communication with relatives and care professionals

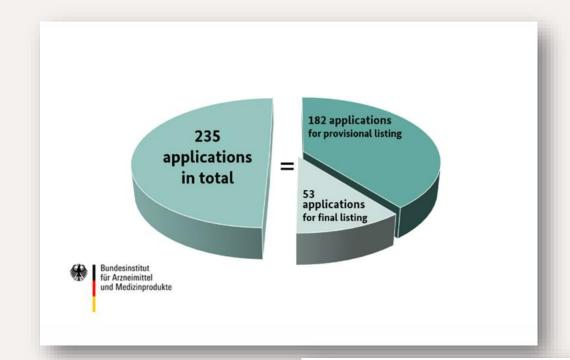
Prescriber: burses, care providers, or care institutions

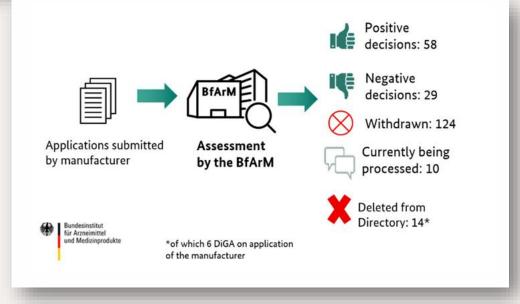
Target group: care recipients in long-term or home care





DiGA: Applications Submitted & Assessments

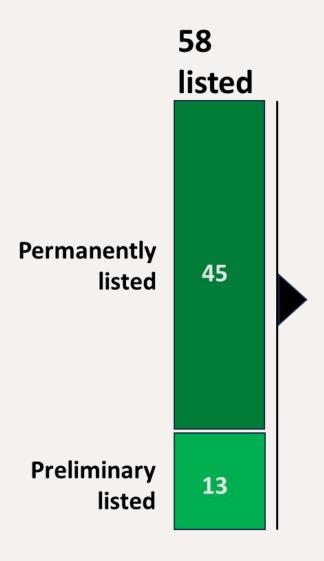






Directory | DiGA Directory

DiGA Listings



Indications And selected providers











DiGA Basics

According to §33a SGB V

Reimbursement within the framework od standard care



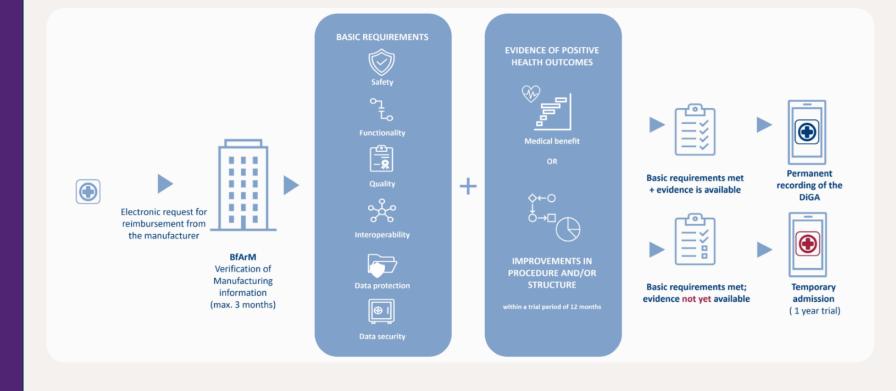


DiGA Directory

- All available DiGA can be sorted by diagnosis or ICD-10
- General information about the DiGA and its manufacturer
- Other medical services associated with the prescription (e.g. regular discussions of a diabetes diary)
- Information on the security and performance of the app (privacy, interoperability, etc.)
- Scientific evidence that proves the positive care effect of the app
- Available prescription units (dosage, application)
- Reimbursable costs by health insurance



The DiGA Fast-Track Process





The DiGA Fast-Track Process

How does the submission process work and how long does it take?





Price Negotiations

DiGA Requirements

Section 139e SGB V





~140 requirements, including:

- ✓ GDPR compliance
- ✓ **ISO 27001** certification
- ✓ **Interoperability** with the healthcare system
- ✓ High data security standards
- ✓ Accessibility for targeted patient population
- ✓ Soon: additional certificates

Pilot study for preliminary listing:

- ✓ Proving medical or organizational benefit
- ✓ Including usually **40 to 80 patients**
- ✓ Accompanied by extensive main study concept

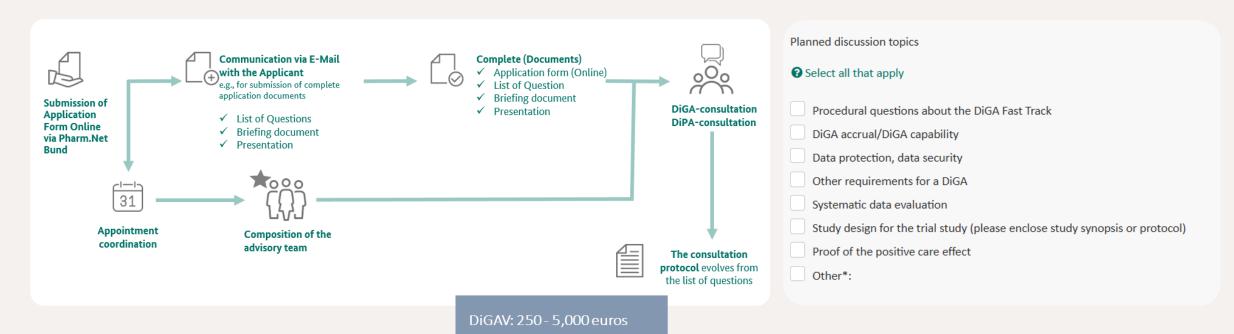
RCT for permanent listing:

- ✓ Proving **medical or organizational benefit** across subgroups
- ✓ Including usually **150 to 600 patients**
- ✓ **Control group** receiving standard-of-care treatment



DiGADiPA Consultation

The advice on digital applications is aimed at developers and manufacturers of DiGA/DiPA and offers comprehensive support and orientation on various topics.









DiGA e-Prescription

Both initiatives are progressing simultaneously

- Prescriptions for DiGA can currently be issued and redeemed in paper form. Integration into the e-prescription or the electronic patient record has so far only been tested selectively and has not been standardised.
- Challenges: technical issues (incorrect prescription signatures and long response times from the TI), disrupts medical practices workflow (unstable data connections and difficulties with electronic signatures).

How exactly do I issue a prescription so that the health insurance company accepts it and the patient can use the DiGA immediately?

The answer is simple – if you know the right steps

- Over 1 million DiGA prescriptions by end of 2024
- **81%** of prescriptions activated by patients
- €234 million spent by statutory health insurance (Sep 2020–Dec 2024)
- **Average cost:** €541 per prescription
- **Price range:** €119–€2,077, typically for 90 days (up to 365 days)



Sippli et al., Nature, 2025

DiGA Quick Checklist

- ☐ CE mark: MDR Class I / IIa
- **Evidence**: Clinical benefit or patient-relevant improvement; study or protocol ready
- ☐ **Data**: GDPR-compliant, IT security proven
- ☐ **Tech**: Interoperable, user-friendly, German language
- **BfArM**: Apply for listing (preliminary or permanent)
- Pricing: Free pricing 12 months → negotiate with insurers
- Adoption: Clear pathway (DiGA via physician prescription)

Hospital Reform Alignment

- ➤ Digitalisation push: Reform provides billions in hospital transformation funding. Hospitals will seek solutions that integrate with DiGA/DiPA-listed apps.
- Continuity of care: Reform emphasises networked hospital & outpatient care. DiGA/DiPA can bridge inpatient discharge and home care.
- Outcome focus: Both reforms and DiGA/DiPA reimbursement require proof of measurable patient benefit.

Tactical Product & Go-to-Market

- Modular, integrable components
- Concrete KPIs that resonate with hospital management under the reform
- German-language clinician and admin UX
- Local regulatory and reimbursement support





Thank you!



Export Program Germany

- Oct 17, 2025 High-Level Roundtable on "OUTPATIENTIZSATION", Felleshus at Nordic Embassies
- Nov 5, 2025 Reimbursement System: Changes & Strategies to Address Underfunding
- Dec 4, 2025 Boosting Sales Expertise & Success, followed by networking



Germany Export Resource Group

A dedicated arena for Norwegian health companies aiming to succeed in the German market. The group facilitates the exchange of experiences, builds valuable networks, and strengthens collective expertise to accelerate market access in Germany.